Early Years Foundation Stage

<u>Intent</u>

At Longford C of E Primary, we are passionate about giving our youngest pupils the best possible start to their education. We provide an inspiring, challenging and safe environment for our children to develop their learning through play based activities in our indoor classroom and outdoor learning area. Our children learn in a small nurturing group with Year 1 children working as great role models to help them settle quickly into the daily routines.

Implementation

The children follow the Early Years Foundation Stage objectives in the seven main areas of development to become independent and confident learners. All our children are unique and learn at different rates and we add additional support to help then reach their full potential.

Impact

Throughout the year, the children develop in confidence and their ability, enabling them to reach their Early Learning Goals. They leave Reception with the skills required for the more formal curriculum of Key Stage One.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Communication and Language		
To learn school routines and rules. To listen and join in with nursery rhymes and traditional stories. Listen to others in discussion and during play. Using language to recreate roles and experiences in play. Responds to instructions involving a two-part sequence. Understands humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes. Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words. Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations. Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention.	Maintains attention, concentrates and sits quietly during appropriate activity. Two-channelled attention—can listen and do for short span. Able to follow a story without pictures or props. Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion. Uses talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events. Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play.	Children listen attentively in a range of situations. They listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions. They give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in another activity. Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events. Children express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. They use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.
Experiment with different ways of	Travels with confidence and skill	Children show good control and
moving, such as in drama, dance	around, under, over and	co-ordination in large and small
and gymnastic sessions.	through balancing and climbing	movements. They move
Jumps off an object and lands	equipment.	confidently in a range of ways,
appropriately.	Shows increasing control over an	safely negotiating space. They
	object in pushing, patting,	handle equipment and tools

Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. Uses simple tools to effect changes to materials. Shows a preference for a dominant hand. Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical

movement and retrace vertical lines.
Begins to form recognisable

Eats a healthy range of foodstuffs and understands need for variety in food.

Usually dry and clean during the day.

Shows understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges, and considers and manages some risks.

Shows understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely.

throwing, catching or kicking it. Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control.
Uses a pencil and holds it effectively to form recognisable

letters, most of which are correctly formed.
They handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for

writing.
Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good

health.

Follows some appropriate safety measures without direct supervision.

effectively, including pencils for writing.

Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. They manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs successfully, including dressing and going to the toilet independently.

Personal, Social and Emotional development

Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions.
Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them.

Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting.

Initiates conversations, attends to and takes account of what others say.

Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions.
Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy.
Explains own knowledge and understanding, and asks appropriate questions of others.
Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other children, e.g. finding a compromise.

Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help. Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour. and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride. Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and

form positive relationships with adults and other children.

Literacy

Continues a rhyming string. Hears and says the initial sound in words.

Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them.

Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the

Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and naint

Begins to break the flow of speech into words.

alphabet.

Continues a rhyming string. Hears and says the initial sound in words.

Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together. Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet.

Begins to read words and simple sentences.

Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.

Enjoys an increasing range of books.

Knows that information can be retrieved from books and computers.

Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence. Writes own name and other things such as labels, captions. Attempts to write short sentences in meaningful contexts.

Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read. Children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways, which match their spoken sounds. They also write some irregular common words. They write simple sentences, which can be read by themselves and others. Some words are spelt correctly and others are phonetically plausible.

Mathematics

Recognise some numerals of personal significance.

Recognises numerals 1 to 5.

Counts up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item.

Counts actions or objects, which cannot be moved.

Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. Selects the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5, then 1 to 10 objects.

Counts an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects.

Estimates how many objects they can see and checks by counting them.

Uses the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects.

Beginning to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2-D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes.

Selects a particular named shape.

Selects the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5, then 1 to 10 objects.

Counts objects to 10, and beginning to count beyond 10. Counts out up to six objects from a larger group.

To use objects and ten frames for organising counting.

Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them.

Says the number that is one more than a given number.

Finds one more or one less from a group of up to 5 objects, then 10 objects.

In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting.

Records, using marks that they can interpret and explain.
Begins to identify own mathematical problems based on own interests and fascinations.

Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.

Compare quantities up to 10, in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as another quantity.

Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create and describe patterns. They explore

describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday

Can describe their relative Uses everyday language related to objects and shapes and use position such as 'behind' or 'next time. mathematical language to Beginning to use everyday describe them. to'. Orders two or three items by language related to money. Orders and sequences familiar length or height. Orders two items by weight or events. Measures short periods of time in capacity. Uses familiar objects and common simple ways shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models. **Understanding the World** Enjoys joining in with family Enjoys joining in with family Talk about the lives of people customs and routines. customs and routines. around them and their roles in Looks closely at similarities, Looks closely at similarities, society. differences, patterns and differences, patterns and Know some similarities and change. change. differences between things in the Completes a simple program on a Children know about similarities past and now, drawing on their computer. and differences in relation to experiences and what has been Interacts with age-appropriate places, objects, materials and read in class. computer software. living things. Understand the past through Children recognise that a range of settings, character and events technology is used in places such encountered in books read in as homes and class and storytelling. schools. Expressive Arts and Design Begins to build a repertoire of Constructs with a purpose in Children sing songs, make music songs and dances. mind, using a variety of resources. and dance, and experiment with Explores the different sounds of Uses simple tools and techniques ways of changing instruments. competently and appropriately. them. They safely use and explore Explores what happens when they Selects appropriate resources and a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with mix colours. adapts work where necessary. Experiments to create different Selects tools and techniques colour, design, texture, form and function. textures. needed to shape, assemble and Understands that different media join materials they are using. Children use what they have can be combined to create learnt about media and materials new effects. Initiates new combinations of in original ways, thinking about Manipulates materials to achieve movement and gesture in order uses and purposes. They a planned effect. to express and respond to represent their own ideas, Create simple representations of feelings, ideas and experiences. thoughts and feelings through

events, people and objects. Chooses particular colours to use for a purpose. Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play. Plays alongside other children who are engaged in the same theme.

Plays cooperatively as part of a group to develop and act out a

narrative.

design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.